ORDINANCE NO. (2006) 11.6

TOWN OF DUNN DANE COUNTY, WISCONSIN

AN ORDINANCE TO REPEAL AND RECREATE CHAPTER 11.6 OF THE TOWN CODE OF ORDINANCES RELATING TO LICENSING OF DOGS AND REGULATION OF ANIMALS

The Town Board of the Town of Dunn, Dane County, Wisconsin, do ordain as follows:

- 1. Chapter 11.6 of the Town Code of Ordinances is repealed and recreated to provide as set forth in Exhibit A attached hereto and incorporated herein.
- 2. This ordinance shall take effect the day after passage and posting or publication pursuant to law.

The foregoing ordinance was duly adopted by the Town Board of the Town of Dunn at a meeting held on October <u>16</u>, 2006.

| | | TOWN OF DUNN |
|-----------|-------------|--|
| | | By Edmond P. Minihan, Town Chair |
| | | ATTEST: |
| | | Rosalind Gausman, Town Clerk/Treasurer |
| APPROVED: | _10/16/2006 | |
| POSTED: | 10/18/2006 | |

<u>Chapter 11.6</u> Exhibit A

Licensing of Dogs and Regulation of Animals

| 11.6-1-1 | Dog Licenses Required; Definitions | | |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| 11.6-1-2 | Rabies Vaccination Required for License | | |
| 11.6-1-3 | Dog License Tax and Multiple Dog Licenses | | |
| 11.6-1-4 | Late Fees | | |
| 11.6-1-5 | Rabies Quarantine | | |
| 11.6-1-6 | Restrictions on Keeping of Dogs, Cats, Fowl and Other Animals | | |
| 11.6-1-7 | Impoundment of Animals | | |
| 11.6-1-8 | Dogs and Cats Restricted on Cemeteries | | |
| 11.6-1-9 | Duty of Owner in Case of Dog or Cat Bite | | |
| 11.6-1-10 | Injury to Property by Animals | | |
| 11.6-1-11 | Barking Dogs and Crying Cats | | |
| 11.6-1-12 | Sale of Rabbits, Chicks or Artificially Colored Animals | | |
| 11.6-1-13 | Providing Proper Food and Drink to Confined Animals | | |
| 11.6-1-14 | Providing Proper Shelter | | |
| 11.6-1-15 | Neglected or Abandoned Animals | | |
| 11.6-1-16 | Cruelty to Animals and Birds Prohibited | | |
| 11.6-1-17 | Limitation on Number of Dogs and Cats | | |
| 11.6-1-18 | Penalties | | |
| 11.6-1-19 | Enforcement | | |

Sec. 11.6-1-1 Dog License Required; Definitions.

- (a) **License Required**. It shall be unlawful for any person in the Town of Dunn to own, harbor or keep any dog more than five (5) months of age on January 1 of any year, or five (5) months of age within the license year, without complying with the provisions of this Chapter and Sec. 174.05 through Sec. 174.10, Wisconsin Statutes, relating to the listing, licensing and tagging of the same.
- (b) **Definitions**. Terms used in this Chapter are defined as follows:
 - (1) "Owner" shall mean any person owning, harboring or keeping a dog or any person occupying any premises on which a dog remains or to which it customarily returns daily for a period of ten (10) days.
 - (2) "At large" means to be off the premises of the owner and not under the control of some person either by leash or otherwise, but a dog within an automobile of its owner, or in an automobile of any other person with the consent of the owner of said dog, shall be deemed to be upon the owner's premises.
 - (3) "Dog" shall mean any canine, regardless of age or sex.
 - (4) "Cat" shall mean any feline, regardless of age or sex.
 - (5) "Neutered" as used herein as describing a dog shall mean a dog having nonfunctional reproductive organs.
 - (6) "Animal" means mammals, reptiles and birds.

- (7) "Cruel" means causing unnecessary and excessive pain or suffering or unjustifiable injury or death.
- (8) "Law Enforcement Officer" or "Officer" has that meaning as appears in Sec. 967.02(5), Wis. Stats., and includes a humane officer appointed under Sec. 173.03, Wis. Stats., but does not include a conservation warden appointed under Sec. 23.10, Wis. Stats.
- (9) "Farm Animal" means any warm-blooded animal normally raised on farms in the United States and used for food or fiber.
- (10) "Pet" means an animal kept and treated as a pet.
- (11) "Department" means the State of Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection.

Sec. 11.6-1-2 Rabies Vaccination Required for License.

- (a) **Rabies Vaccination**. The owner of a dog shall have the dog vaccinated against rabies by a veterinarian at no later than five (5) months of age and re-vaccinated within one (1) year after the initial vaccination. If the owner obtains the dog or brings the dog into the Town of Dunn after the dog has reached five (5) months of age, the owner shall have the dog vaccinated against rabies within thirty (30) days after the dog is obtained or brought into the Town unless the dog has been vaccinated as evidenced by a current certificate of rabies vaccination from the State of Wisconsin or another state. The owner of a dog shall have the dog revaccinated against rabies by a veterinarian before the date of that immunization expires as stated on the certificate of vaccination or, if no date is specified, within three (3) years after the previous vaccination. The certificate of vaccination shall meet the requirements of Sec. 95.21(2), Wis. Stats.
- (b) **Issuance of Certificate of Rabies Vaccination**. A veterinarian who vaccinates a dog against rabies shall complete and issue to the owner a certificate of rabies vaccination bearing a serial number and in the form approved by the Department identifying the Town of Dunn as the municipality where the dog is required to be licensed and stating the owner's name and address, the name, sex, spayed or unspayed, neutered or unneutered, breed and color of the dog, the date of the vaccination, the type of rabies vaccination administered and the manufacturer's serial number, and the date that the immunization expires as specified for that type of vaccine by the Center for Disease Control of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
- (c) **Copies of Certificate**. The veterinarian shall keep a copy of each certificate of rabies vaccination in a file maintained for this purpose until the date that the immunization expires or until the dog is revaccinated, whichever occurs first.
- (d) **Rabies Vaccination Tag**. After issuing the certificate of rabies vaccination, the veterinarian shall deliver to the owner a rabies vaccination tag of durable material bearing the same serial number as the certificate, the year the vaccination was given and the name, address and telephone number of the veterinarian.

- (e) **Tag to be Attached**. The owner shall attach the rabies vaccination tag or a substitute tag to a collar and a collar with the tag attached shall be kept on the dog at all times, but this requirement does not apply to a dog during competition or training, to a dog while hunting, to a dog securely confined indoors or to a dog securely confined in a fenced area. The substitute tag shall be of a durable material and contain the same information as the rabies vaccination tag. The requirements of this paragraph do not apply to a dog which is not required to be vaccinated under Subsection (a).
- (f) **Duplicate Tag**. The veterinarian may furnish a new rabies vaccination tag with a new serial number to an owner in place of the original tag upon presentation of the certificate of rabies vaccination. The veterinarian shall then indicate the new tag number on the certificate and keep a record in the file.
- (g) **Cost**. The owner shall pay the cost of the rabies vaccination and the cost associated with the issuance of a certificate of rabies vaccination and the delivery of a rabies vaccination tag.

Sec. 11.6-1-3 Dog License Tax and Multiple Dog Licenses.

(a) Dog Licenses.

- (1) The owner of any dog more than five (5) months of age on January 1 of any year, or five (5) months of age within the license year, shall annually, or on or before the date the dog becomes five (5) months of age, pay a dog license tax and obtain a license.
- (2) The minimum dog license tax under this Section shall be the state and county-established fee for a spayed female dog or a neutered male dog, upon presentation of evidence that the dog is neutered or spayed, and the state and county-established fee for an unspayed female dog or an unneutered male dog, plus a Town administrative fee to be set by resolution of the Town Board in its discretion. The Town administrative fee shall be greater for unneutered male dogs and unspayed female dogs than for neutered male dogs and spayed female dogs. The license year shall commence January 1 and end December 31.
- (3) Upon payment of the required dog license tax and upon presentation of evidence that the dog is currently immunized against rabies, as required by Section 11.6-1-2 of this

Chapter, the Town Clerk/Treasurer or the Deputy Town Clerk/Treasurer shall complete and issue to the owner a license for such dog containing all information required by state law. The Town Clerk/Treasurer or the Deputy Town Clerk/Treasurer shall also deliver to the owner, at the time of issuance of the dog license, a tag of durable material bearing the same serial number as the license, the name of the county in which issued and the license year.

- (4) The owner shall securely attach the tag to a collar and the collar with the tag attached
- shall be kept on the dog for which the license is issued at all times, but this requirement does not apply to a dog during competition or training, to a dog while

hunting, to a dog securely confined indoors or to a dog securely confined in a fenced area.

(5) The fact that a dog is without a tag attached to the dog by means of a collar shall be presumptive evidence that the dog is unlicensed. Any law enforcement officer shall seize, impound or restrain any dog for which a license is required which is found without such tag attached. Each day that any dog within the Town continues to be unlicensed constitutes a separate offense for which a separate penalty applies.
(6) Notwithstanding the foregoing, every dog specifically trained as a service dog, such as, but not limited to, leading blind or deaf persons or providing support for mobility-impaired persons, is exempt from the dog license tax, and every person owning such a dog shall receive annually a free dog license from the Town Clerk/Treasurer or his/her deputy upon application therefore.

(b) Multiple Dog Licenses.

- (1) Subject to Section 11.6-1-17, any person who keeps more than one dog may, instead of the license tax for each dog required by this Chapter, apply to the Town Clerk/Treasurer or the Deputy Town Clerk/Treasurer for a multiple dog license for the keeping of the dogs. Such person shall pay for the license year a license tax of \$35 for 12 or fewer dogs and an additional \$3 for each dog in excess of 12. Upon payment of the required multiple dog license tax and upon presentation of evidence that all dogs over 5 months of age are currently immunized against rabies, the Town Clerk/Treasurer or the Deputy Town Clerk/Treasurer shall issue the multiple dog license and a number of tags equal to the number of dogs authorized to be kept by the person.
- (2) Multiple dog license tags shall be made in a form so that they may be readily distinguishable from the individual license tags for the same year. The owner or keeper of dogs for which a multiple dog license has been issued shall keep at all times a multiple dog license tag attached to the collar of each dog over 5 months old kept by the owner or keeper under a multiple dog license, but this requirement does not apply to a dog during competition or training, to a dog securely confined indoors, to a dog while hunting, or to a dog securely confined in a fenced area. An owner or keeper may transfer a multiple dog license tag from a dog that the owner or keeper no longer owns or keeps to another dog if the other dog is currently immunized against rabies. The rabies vaccination tag or substitute tag shall remain attached to the dog for which it is issued at all times, but this requirement does not apply to a dog during competition or training, to a dog securely confined indoors, to a dog while hunting, or to a dog securely confined in a fenced area. No dog bearing a multiple dog license tag shall be permitted to stray or to be taken anywhere outside the limits of the owner's or keeper's premises unless the dog is in leash or temporarily out for the purposes of hunting, breeding, trial, training, or competition.

Sec. 11.6-1-4 Late Fees.

The Town Clerk/Treasurer shall assess and collect a late fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) from every owner of a dog five (5) months of age or over if the owner failed to obtain a dog license prior to April 1 of each year, or if the owner failed to obtain a dog license within

thirty (30) days of acquiring ownership of a licensable dog, or if the owner failed to obtain a dog license on or before the dog reached licensable age. Said late fee shall be charged in addition to the required dog license fee, plus the Town administrative fee.

Sec. 11.6-1-5 Rabies Quarantine.

- (a) **Dogs and Cats Confined**. If a district or neighborhood is quarantined for rabies, all dogs and cats within the district or neighborhood shall be kept securely confined, tied, leashed or muzzled. Any dog or cat not confined, tied, leashed or muzzled is declared a public nuisance and may be impounded. All law enforcement officers shall cooperate in the enforcement of the quarantine. The Town Clerk/Treasurer shall promptly post in at least three (3) public places in the Town notices of quarantine.
- (b) Exemption of Vaccinated Dog or Cat from Quarantine. A dog or cat which is immunized currently against rabies, as evidenced by a valid certificate of rabies vaccination or other evidence, is exempt from the quarantine provisions of Subsection (a) if a rabies vaccination tag or substitute tag is attached to the dog's or cat's collar.
- (c) Quarantine or Sacrifice of an Animal Suspected of Biting a Person or Being Infected or Exposed to Rabies.
 - (1) *Quarantine or Sacrifice of Dog or Cat*. A law enforcement officer shall order a dog or cat quarantined if the officer has reason to believe that the animal bit a person, is infected with rabies or has been in contact with a rabid animal. If a quarantine cannot be imposed because the dog or cat cannot be captured, the officer may kill the animal. The officer may kill a dog or cat only as a last resort or if the owner agrees. The officer shall attempt to kill the animal in a humane manner and in a manner which avoids damage to the animal's head.
 - (2) *Sacrifice of Other Animals*. A law enforcement officer may order killed or may kill an animal other than a dog or cat if the officer has reason to believe that the animal bit a person or is infected with rabies.

$(d) \ \textbf{Quarantine of Dog or Cat}.$

- (1) **Delivery to Isolation Facility or Quarantine on Premises of Owner**. A law enforcement officer who orders a dog or cat to be quarantined shall deliver the animal or shall order the animal delivered to an isolation facility as soon as possible but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the original order is issued or the officer may order the animal to be quarantined on the premises of the owner if the animal is immunized currently against rabies as evidenced by a valid certificate of rabies vaccination or other evidence.
- (2) *Health Risk to Humans*. If a dog or cat is ordered to be quarantined because there is reason to believe that the animal bit a person, the custodian of an isolation facility or the owner shall keep the animal under strict isolation under the supervision of a veterinarian for at least ten (10) days after the incident occurred. In this paragraph, "supervision of a veterinarian" includes, at a minimum, examination of the animal on

the first day of isolation, on the last day of isolation and on one (1) intervening day. If the observation period is not extended and if the veterinarian certifies that the dog or cat has not exhibited any signs of rabies, the animal may be released from quarantine at the end of the observation period.

(3) Risk to Animal Health.

a. If a dog or cat is ordered to be quarantined because there is reason to believe that the animal has been exposed to a rabid animal and if the dog or cat is not currently immunized against rabies, the custodian of an isolation facility or the owner shall keep the animal leashed or confined for one hundred eighty (180) days. The owner shall have the animal vaccinated against rabies between one hundred fifty-five (155) and one hundred sixty-five (165) days after the exposure to a rabid animal.

b. If a dog or cat is ordered to be quarantined because there is reason to believe that the animal has been exposed to a rabid animal but if the dog or cat is immunized against rabies, the custodian of an isolation facility or the owner shall keep the animal leashed or confined for sixty (60) days. The owner shall have the animal revaccinated against rabies as soon as possible after exposure to a rabid animal.

(4) Sacrifice of a Dog or Cat Exhibiting Symptoms of Rabies. If a veterinarian determines that a dog or cat exhibits symptoms of rabies during the original or extended observation period, the veterinarian shall notify the owner and the officer

who ordered the animal quarantined and the officer or veterinarian shall kill the animal in a humane manner and in a manner which avoids damage to the animal's head. If the dog or cat is suspected to have bitten a person, the veterinarian shall notify the person or the person's physician.

- (e) **Delivery of Carcass; Preparation; Examination by Laboratory of Hygiene**. A law enforcement officer who kills an animal shall deliver the carcass to a veterinarian or local health department. The veterinarian or local health department shall prepare the carcass, properly prepare and package the head of the animal in a manner to minimize deterioration, arrange for delivery by the most expeditious means feasible of the head of the animal to the State Laboratory of Hygiene and dispose of or arrange for the disposal of the remainder of the carcass in a manner which minimizes risk or exposure to any rabies virus. The Laboratory of Hygiene shall examine the specimen and determine if the animal was infected with rabies. The State Laboratory of Hygiene shall notify the Department, the veterinarian or local health department which prepared the carcass and, if the animal is suspected to have bitten a person, that person or the person's physician.
- (f) **Cooperation of Veterinarian**. Any practicing veterinarian who is requested to be involved in the rabies control program by an officer is encouraged to cooperate in a professional capacity with the Department, the Laboratory of Hygiene, the local health department, the officer involved and, if the animal is suspected to have bitten a person, the person's physician.

(g) Responsibility for Quarantine and Laboratory Expenses. The owner of an animal is

responsible for any expenses incurred in connection with keeping the animal in an isolation

facility, supervision and examination of the animal by a veterinarian, preparation of the carcass for laboratory examination and the fee for the laboratory examination. If the owner is

unknown, the county is responsible for these expenses.

Sec. 11.6-1-6 Restrictions on Keeping of Dogs, Cats, Fowl and Other

Animals.

- (a) **Restrictions**. It shall be unlawful for any person within the Town of Dunn to own, harbor
- or keep any dog or cat which:
 - (1) Habitually pursues any vehicle upon any public street, alley or highway in the Town.
 - (2) Assaults or attacks any person or destroys property.
 - (3) Is at large within the limits of the Town.
 - (4) Habitually barks or howls or cries to the annoyance of any person or persons. (See Section 11.6-1-11.)
 - (5) Kills, wounds or worries any domestic animal.
 - (6) Is known by such person to be infected with rabies or to have been bitten by an animal known to have been infected with rabies.
 - (7) In the case of a dog, is unlicensed.

(b) Vicious Dogs and Animals.

- (1) For purposes of enforcing this Section, a dog shall be deemed as being of a vicious
- disposition if, within any twelve (12) month period, it bites two (2) or more persons or inflicts serious injury to one (1) person in unprovoked circumstances off the owner's premises. Any vicious dog which is found off the premises of its owner may be seized by any law enforcement officer and, upon delivery to the proper authorities, may, upon establishment to the satisfaction of a court of competent jurisdiction of the vicious character of said dog, by testimony under oath reduced to writing, be killed by the police authorities.
- (2) No person shall harbor or permit to remain on his premises any animal that is habitually inclined toward attacking persons or animals, destroying property, barking excessively or making excessive noises or running after automobiles.

(c) Animals Running at Large.

- (1) No person having in his possession or ownership any animal or fowl shall allow the
- same to run at large within the Town. The owner of any animal, whether licensed or unlicensed, shall keep his animal tied or enclosed in a proper enclosure so as not to allow said animal to interfere with the passing public or neighbors. Any animal running at large shall be seized and impounded by a law enforcement officer.
- (2) A dog or animal shall be considered to be running at large if it is off the premises of its owner and not under the control of the owner or some other person.
- (d) **Owner's Liability for Damage Caused by Dogs; Penalties**. The provisions of Sec. 174.02, Wis. Stats., relating to the owner's liability for damage caused by dogs together with the penalties therein set forth are hereby adopted and incorporated herein by reference.
- (e) **Animal Feces**. The owner or person in charge of any dog or other animal shall not permit

solid fecal matter of such animal to deposit on any street, alley or other public or private property, unless such matter is immediately removed there from by said owner or person in

charge. This Section shall not apply to a person who is visually or physically handicapped.

Sec. 11.6-1-7 Impoundment of Animals.

- (a) Animal Control Agency.
 - (1) The Town of Dunn may contract with or enter into an agreement with such person, persons, organization or corporation to provide for the operation of an animal shelter, impoundment of stray animals, confinement of certain animals, disposition of impoundment animals and for assisting in the administration of rabies vaccination programs.
 - (2) The Town of Dunn does hereby delegate any such animal control agency the authority to act pursuant to the provisions of this Section.
- (b) **Impounding of Animals**. In addition to any penalty hereinafter provided for a violation of this Chapter, any law enforcement officer may impound any dog, cat or other animal which habitually pursues any vehicle upon any street, alley or highway of this Town, assaults or attacks any person, is at large within the Town, habitually barks, cries or howls, kills, wounds or worries any domestic animal or is infected with rabies. In order for an animal to be impounded, the impounding office must see or hear the violation of this Section or have in his/her possession a signed statement of a complaining witness made under oath alleging the facts regarding the violation and containing an agreement to reimburse the Town for any damages it sustains for improper or illegal seizure.

(c) Claiming Animal; Disposal of Unclaimed Animals. After seizure of animals under this

Section by a law enforcement officer, the animal shall be impounded. The officer shall notify the owner, personally or through the U.S. Mail, if such owner be known to the officer or can be ascertained with reasonable effort, but if such owner be unknown or unascertainable, the officer shall post written notice in three (3) public places in the Town.

giving a description of the animal, stating where it is impounded and the conditions for its release, after the officer has taken such animal into his/her possession. If within seven (7) days after such notice the owner does not claim such animal, the officer may dispose of the

animal in a proper and humane manner; provided, if an animal before being impounded has

bitten a person, the animal shall be retained in the animal shelter for fourteen (14) days for

observation purposes. Within such times, the owner may reclaim the animal upon payment

of impoundment fees, such fees to be established by resolution of the Town Board. No animal shall be released from the animal shelter without being properly licensed if so required by state law or Town Ordinance.

- (d) **Sale of Impounded Animals**. If the owner does not reclaim the animal within seven (7) days, the animal may be sold or released to any person, if all of the following apply:
 - 1. The person provides his or her name and address.
- 2. If licensure is required by statute or ordinance, the animal is licensed or assurance of licensure is given by evidence of pre-payment.
- 3. If vaccination is required by statute or ordinance, the animal is vaccinated or assurance of vaccination is given by evidence of pre-payment.
- 4. Any charges imposed by the Town or its contracting agent for custody, care, vaccination and treatment are paid or waived.
- (e) **Town Not Liable for Impounding Animals**. The Town and/or its animal control agency

shall not be liable for the death of any animal which has been impounded or disposed of pursuant to this Section.

Sec. 11.6-1-8 Dogs and Cats Restricted on Cemeteries.

No dog or cat shall be permitted in any public cemetery. Every dog specifically trained as a service dog, such as, but not limited to, leading blind or deaf persons or providing support for mobility-impaired persons, shall be exempt from this Section.

Sec. 11.6-1-9 Duty of Owner in Case of Dog or Cat Bite.

Every owner or person harboring or keeping a dog or cat who knows that such dog or cat has bitten any person shall immediately report such fact to a law enforcement officer and shall keep such dog or cat confined for not less than fourteen (14) days or for such period of time as a law enforcement officer shall direct. The owner or keeper of any such dog or cat shall surrender the dog or cat to a law enforcement officer upon demand for examination.

Sec. 11.6-1-10 Injury to Property by Animals.

It shall be unlawful for any person owning or possessing an animal, dog or cat to permit such animal, dog or cat to go upon any parkway or private lands or premises without the permission of the owner of such premises and break, bruise, tear up, crush or injure any lawn, flower bed, plant, shrub, tree or garden in any manner whatsoever, or to defecate thereon.

Sec. 11.6-1-11 Barking Dogs and Crying Cats.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to keep or harbor any dog which habitually

barks, howls or yelps, or any cat which habitually cries or howls to the great discomfort of

the peace and quiet of the neighborhood or in such manner as to materially disturb or annoy

persons in the neighborhood who are of ordinary sensibilities. Such dogs and cats are hereby

declared to be a public nuisance. A dog or cat is considered to be in violation of this Section

when three (3) formal, written complaints of documented violations are filed with the Town within any one (1) month period.

(b) No person shall be found to be in violation of this section unless first notified in writing, at least ten (10) days prior to the issuance of any citation or summons, of the fact of the

complaints of documented noise.

Sec. 11.6-1-12 Sale of Rabbits, Chicks or Artificially Colored Animals.

(a) No person may sell, offer for sale, raffle, give as a prize or premium, use as an advertising

device or display living chicks, ducklings, other fowl or rabbits that have been dyed or otherwise colored artificially.

(b) (1) No person may sell, offer for sale, barter or give away living chicks, ducklings or other fowl unless the person provides proper brooder facilities for the care of such chicks.

ducklings or other fowl during the time they are in such person's possession.

(2) No retailer, as defined in Sec. 100.30(2)(e), Wis. Stats., may sell, offer for sale, barter or give away living baby rabbits, baby chicks, ducklings or other fowl under two (2) months of age, in any quantity less than six (6), unless in the business of selling these animals is for agricultural, wildlife or scientific purposes.

Sec. 11.6-1-13 Providing Proper Food and Drink to Confined Animals.

- (a) No person owning or responsible for confining or impounding any animal may fail to supply the animal with a sufficient supply of food and water as prescribed in this Section.
- (b) The food shall be sufficient to maintain all animals in good health.
- (c) If potable water is not accessible to the animals at all times, it shall be provided daily and in sufficient quantity for the health of the animal.

Sec. 11.6-1-14 Providing Proper Shelter.

- (a) **Proper Shelter**. No person owning or responsible for confining or impounding any animal may fail to supply the animal with proper shelter as prescribed in this Section. In the case of farm animals, nothing in this Section shall be construed as imposing shelter requirements or standards more stringent than normally accepted husbandry practices in the particular county where the animal or shelter is located.
- (b) **Indoor Standards**. Minimum indoor standards of shelter shall include:
 - (1) *Ambient Temperatures*. The ambient temperature shall be compatible with the health
 - of the animal.
 - (2) *Ventilation*. Indoor housing facilities shall be adequately ventilated by natural or mechanical means to provide for the health of the animals at all times.
- (c) **Outdoor Standards**. Minimum outdoor standards of shelter shall include:
 - (1) *Shelter from Sunlight*. When sunlight is likely to cause heat exhaustion of an animal

tied or caged outside, sufficient shade by natural or artificial means shall be provided to protect the animal from direct sunlight. As used in this paragraph, "caged" does

not include farm fencing used to confine farm animals.

- (2) Shelter from Inclement Weather.
 - a. Animals generally. Natural or artificial shelter appropriate to the local climatic conditions for the species concerned shall be provided as necessary for the health of the animal.
 - b. Dogs. If a dog is tied or confined unattended outdoors under weather conditions which adversely affect the health of the dog, a shelter of suitable size to accommodate the dog shall be provided.
- (d) **Space Standards**. Minimum space requirements for both indoor and outdoor enclosures shall include:
 - (1) *Structural Strength*. The housing facilities shall be structurally sound and maintained
 - in good repair to protect the animals from injury and to contain the animals.
 - (2) *Space Requirements*. Enclosures shall be constructed and maintained so as to provide sufficient space to allow each animal adequate freedom of movement. Inadequate space may be indicated by evidence of debility, stress or abnormal behavior patterns.
- (e) **Sanitation Standards**. Minimum standards of sanitation for both indoor and outdoor enclosures shall include periodic cleaning to remove excreta and other waste materials, dirt

and trash so as to minimize health hazards.

Sec. 11.6-1-15 Neglected or Abandoned Animals.

- (a) Neglected or Abandoned Animals.
 - (1) No person may abandon any animal.
 - (2) Any law enforcement officer may remove, shelter and care for an animal found to be
 - cruelly exposed to the weather, starved or denied adequate water, neglected, abandoned or otherwise treated in a cruel manner and may deliver such animal to another person to be sheltered, cared for and given medical attention, if necessary. In all cases the owner, if known, shall be immediately notified and such officer, or other person, having possession of the animal shall have a lien thereon for its care, keeping and medical attention and the expense of the owner.
 - (3) If the owner or custodian is unknown and cannot, with reasonable effort, be ascertained or does not, within five (5) days after notice, redeem the animal by paying the expenses incurred, it may be treated as a stray and dealt with as such.
 - (4) Whenever in the opinion of any such officer an animal is hopelessly injured or diseased so as to be beyond the probability of recovery, it shall be lawful for such officer to kill such animal and the owner thereof shall not recover damages for the killing of such

animal unless he shall prove that such killing was unwarranted.

(5) Section 173.10, Wis. Stats., Investigation of Cruelty Complaints, and Sec. 173.24, Wis. Stats., Reimbursement for Expenses, are hereby adopted by reference and made a

part of this Chapter.

(b) **Injured Animals**. No person who owns, harbors or keeps any animal shall fail to provide

proper medical attention to such animal when and if such animal becomes sick or injured. In

the event the owner of such animal cannot be located, the Town or any animal control agency

with whom the Town has an agreement or contract shall have the authority to take custody

of such animal for the purpose of providing medical treatment, and the owner thereof shall

reimburse the person or organization for the costs of such treatment.

Sec. 11.6-1-16 Cruelty to Animals and Birds Prohibited.

- (a) **Acts of Cruelty Prohibited**. No person except a law enforcement officer in the pursuit of his/her duties shall, within the Town, shoot or kill or commit an act of cruelty to any animal or bird or disturb any bird's nests or bird's eggs.
- (b) **Leading Animal from Motor Vehicle**. No person shall lead any animal upon a Town street from a motor vehicle or from a trailer or semi-trailer drawn by a motor vehicle.
- (c) Use of Poisonous and Controlled Substances. No person may expose any domestic animal owned by another to any known poisonous substance, any controlled substance included in schedule I, II, III, IV or V of Chapter 961 of the Wisconsin Statutes, or any controlled substance analog of a controlled substance included in schedule I or II of Chapter 961, whether mixed with meat or other food or not, so that the substance is liable to be eaten by such animal or for the purpose of harming the animal. This section shall not apply to poison used on one's own premises and designed for the purpose of rodent and pest extermination, nor to the use of a controlled substance in bona fide experiments carried on for scientific research or in accepted veterinary practice.
- (d) **Use of Certain Devices Prohibited**. No person may directly or indirectly, or by aiding,

abetting or permitting the doing thereof, either put, place, fasten, use or fix upon or to any animal used or readied for use for a work purpose or for use in an exhibition, competition,

rodeo, circus or other performance, any of the following devices: a bristle bur, tack bur or like device; or a poling device used to train a horse to jump which is charged with electricity or to which have been affixed nails, tacks or other sharp points.

- (e) **Shooting at Caged or Staked Animals**. (1) No person may shoot, kill, or wound with a firearm, or with any deadly weapon, any animal that is tied, staked out, caged or otherwise intentionally confined in an artificial enclosure, regardless of size.
- (2)(a) Whoever is concerned in the commission of a violation of this section is a principal and may be charged with and convicted of the violation although he or she did not directly commit it and although the person who directly committed it has not been convicted of the violation.
- (b) A person is concerned in the commission of a violation of this section under par. (a) if the person does any of the following:
- 1. Instigates, promotes, aids, or abets the violation as a principal, agent, employee, participant, or spectator.
 - 2. Participates in any earnings from the commission of the violation.
- 3. Intentionally maintains or allows any place to be used for the commission of the violation.
- (3) This section does not apply to any of the following animals:
- (a) A captive wild bird that is shot, killed, or wounded on a bird hunting preserve licensed under Sec. 169.19, Wis. Stats.
 - (b) Farm-raised deer, as defined in Sec. 95.001 (1) (ag), Wis. Stats.
- (c) Animals that are treated in accordance with normally acceptable husbandry practices.

Sec. 11.6-1-17 Limitation on Number of Dogs and Cats.

(a) **Purpose.** The keeping of a large number of dogs and cats within the Town for a considerable period of time detracts from and, in many instances, is detrimental to, healthful and comfortable life in such areas. The keeping of a large number of dogs and cats is, therefore, declared a public nuisance.

(b) Number Limited.

- (1) No person or family shall own, harbor or keep in its possession more than five (5) dogs and five (5) cats in any residential unit, except that a litter of pups or kittens or a portion of a litter may be kept for not more than ten (10) weeks from birth.
- (2) The above limitation may be waived by the Town Board under extraordinary circumstances. Such application for waiver shall be submitted to the Town Clerk/Treasurer.

| (c) Exception . The limitations identified in paragraph (b)(1) shall not apply to a kennel legally operating under the Dane County Zoning Code. | | | | |
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